"The Blood Libel and relentless anti-Christian children's blood, Semitism" Extracted from the dead, By Jeffrey M Cohen For the ritual of Passover, And to desecrate the Host, Debate not the merits Symbol of Jesus' body -Of this case. Among mortal sins, There are no merits Foremost. When men debase Their soul's inclination To associate that libellous claim To pursue truth; With Passover's celebration In justice's cause, Is monstrous, given that Torah provides To become a sleuth; The clearest explanation: Ferreting out the generational lies -That matzah recalls Israel's flight Bandied about at local assize; In haste from Egypt's land, Testified to in diocesan trial, When they took with them At episcopal courts, The quickest-made fare -With gall and guile; Those wafers, Affirmed by Papal See, no less, Baked by hand. To Infallible truth, With free access -Not even a hint of theology there; That Jews, accursed No anti-Christian smears; One hundred-fold, For matzah pre-dates the Christian Host For Deicide and crimes untold. By thirteen hundred years! Need Christian blood

As propitiation,

And, as for the 'truth'

And to call down grace

Of that Christian blood

Upon their nation.

That matzah's alleged to contain:

No greater folly could be adduced,

Down the ages, this false allegation

No trumped-up charge more plain.

Has reared its ugly head:

That matzah required

For Jews are bound, by biblical law,

From all blood, to abstain;

Another medieval canard

And, from all meat, Concerned menstrual emission

Before it's cooked, Which they alleged was, equally,

All trace of blood, A Jewish male condition,

To drain. Relieved by a draught of Christian blood

Hence, for an hour,

As a dietary addition.

Their meat is left,

Covered in coarse salt grains; A further libel,

Till not a drop remains. In European countries

Where Jews were execrated,

And, to this day, if a body is found Was the commitment of world Jewry

Lying slain on the ground, To a secret obligation

Every trace of blood, To offer the blood of a Christian child

On clothes or earth, As a daily libation,

We collect from all around;

And as a sacrifice to the Lord

To be interred respectfully, In commemoration

As God's gift of life, returned; Of those offered in Temple times,

For, no blessing that He With priestly participation.

Has bestowed on man,

Do we allow to be spurned. And if you want to know which community

Led that rite in any year,

It is more than preposterous, then,

Just check where most Christians

That among the allegations, Were known to die or disappear.

Concocted, down the centuries, Hence, in 1235,

By monks and nuns and sages, In Fulda, Germany,

Was that Christian blood was a remedy

The deaths of five Christian boys

For the wound of circumcision, Was alleged by the clergy

Or an effective aphrodisiac – To have been the work of the Christ-killers,

Go, ask any physician! A sweet savour to their Lord,

To please Him and to use the blood

As their well-deserved reward. History's scapegoat -

Natural to abhor!

A most popular explanation

Of a young Christian child's death When the Black Death took its toll,

Was that Jews enact the Passion Who was to blame?

And Jesus' final breath, The Jews, of course,

By torturing innocents Must have poisoned the wells;

And glorying in their cries; No one else was in the frame!

'An eye for an eye', They befriended the lepers,

A revenge most sweet - And took them all food,

A tissue of medieval lies. Then pushed them into the water,

For the poison,

To strengthen the charge that murder-lust Their bodies exude.

Lay at world Jewry's door,

Jews were dubbed the devil, Lies breed exponentially,

And every Jewess, its whore. And others

Their bodies were not human – Entered the mix:

So the common myth ran – Usury, extortion,

And only the blood And mocking the Crucifix.

Of Christian youth,

Could transmute them Libels in Norwich;

Into man. In Blois, central France;

Saragossa and Lincoln –

Every vile trait imaginable The Jews just stood no chance.

Was attributed to the Jew, Massacres, Exiles;

And promoted in sermons In ghettoes, confined;

To the gullible in the pew. Forced baptism, pogroms;

All society's ills As lower than dirt, defined;

Were laid at his door; Jew-badges, Jew-clothes,

All pent-up frustrations, Pointed hats, to wear;

With hatred at their core; Inviting the yokels

To stare and to swear. Above all, an ugliness,

Of feature and of gait;

The Christian liturgy enshrined Of action, inclination;

That image of the Jew; Of the wish to dominate.

Eternal guilt for the saviour's death

Attached to the Hebrew. The church artists' exaggeration

The ages would not dim the crime Overstepped all bounds:

Nor offer reconciliation; Avaricious money-lenders,

Piety, it was affirmed, With their bulging bags of pounds;

Lay in recrimination. Bearing beast-like features,

A bulbous, hooked nose;

Pro perfidis Judaeis - Horns and tail and goatees -

'For the deceit of the Jew' - Bearing all the world's woes.

Was the prayer recited fervently,

By clergy and by pew. Other paintings placed the Jew

Within the depths of hell;

Witness the preposterous claim A demon on his shoulder;

Of their theology; Draped around his lapel,

A misappropriation, A serpent, the symbol

With no apology: Of Satan's cartel.

That the words of Judaism's prophets,

In Holy Writ, In depicting church and synagogue,

Preserved, The former was represented

Referred to their messiah; As a dazzling, upright figure,

For their faith alone, With the latter as tormented;

Reserved. Church, triumphantly,

Endowed with power and grace;

Christian art also played its part Synagogue cowed and humbled;

In the Jew's demonization:

An object of disgrace.

With attributes that elicited

Feelings of detestation. Medieval drama played its part -

In a truly dramatic way – Of the Jew as an arch villain,

In the spread of anti-Semitism, Ever fomenting strife;

Via the Mystery, or Miracle, Play,

To be spread by countless agents,

Wherein all the stereotypical With preachers to the fore;

Characteristics of the Jew Engrained in imagination;

Were amplified and falsified - Enshrined in rich folklore.

With never a missed cue.

To Shakespeare,

The bible stories were re-written, Some credit,

Showing Jews in a terrible light; For stepping into the breach;

Jesus' trial and death embellished, Though presenting his Shylock

To rouse the mob to incite As a money-grabbing leech,

Further hatred and violence Yet placing boldly in his mouth

Against their local Jews; This well-known (paraphrased) speech:

And the turning of days

Into nights Has not a Jew a pair of eyes;

Of distorted Does he not use two hands?

'Good News', Has he no organs, passions, pride;

Wherein Pontius became the good guy, No taste for similar brands?

Helpless to protect Does he not also hurt and bleed,

Jesus from the Jewish mob's When stabbed by a knife?

Antipathy toward his sect. Won't he endure the same disease,

Or, when poisoned, lose his life?

And Judas, the betrayer,

Does he not share the same sun's warmth,

Became the typical Jew, And under the same moon, sleep?

Who, for thirty silver shekels, When he mourns and suffers loss,

His own Lord, Will he not also weep?

Would pursue. When threatened, will he not fight back,

With his very last breath?

Thus was born a tradition, When facing forced apostasy,

In literature and life, Will he not opt for death?

Of anti-Semitic tracts, World-wide attention;

Written by 'experts', Jews felt their faith

Who clearly knew 'the facts' Was placed on trial;

Relating to the blood Subject to close inspection.

For which Jews thirst;

And the witchcraft A Lithuanian priest, Pranaitis -

Into which Clearly on a mission -

They were wholly immersed. Cited sources from the Talmud

To buttress his submission

In English, German and Russian,

That Beilis was following

They rolled off the press, A ritual, prescribed,

A 19th and 20th century

And was guilty of a heinous crime,

Avalanche of excess; To which Jews, worldwide, subscribed.

In brainwashing the masses,

An absolute success. When that 'expert' in Talmud,

Under cross-examination,

So, when a 12-year- old Christian boy, Was given some simple Aramaic words,

Was discovered, mutilated, To provide a translation,

In a cave outside Kiev, He ashamedly admitted

Evidence was fabricated, That his quotes were plagiarised

To ensure that Mendel Beilis, From earlier propaganda,

The Jew, was incriminated. Wherein Jews were demonised.

The crime occurred When the Jewish experts took the stand,

At Passover time, Their knowledge was shown to be sound;

In 1913; Their rebuttals ensured that the Beilis case

So the assumption Soon fell to the ground.

Of Jewish guilt

Was predictably routine. But, alas, that didn't spell the end

Of European demonization;

For tolerance of Jews That could not be won

Had ever enjoyed Until every minute trace of them

Scant approbation. Was detoxified,

Instead, a myopia And of their odious presence,

Distorted vision, The globe was purified;

As the Jew transmogrified into For which reason, the master race

A fearful apparition. Was wholly justified

In promoting the Fuhrer's plan

That monstrous libel, For their genocide.

May now be understood

As a prime motivation One ancient accusation -

For shedding Jewish blood. That should have been assigned

Down the ages it justified To the naïve malevolence

The worst atrocities, Of some psychotic mind -

Securing Jewish banishment Mutated like a cancer,

From Europe's main cities.

To metastasize

Into a malignancy

Hitler's theory of 'the big lie',

That none could cauterize.

Was accepted as true;

He used it to brain-wash Germany Alas, the global body

Into blaming the Jew Is still being invaded

For all the country's ills

By racist tumours

And the First World War's defeat, That multiply unaided.

Through their global conspiracy We delude ourselves with slogans

To bring Germany to its feet - And legislation, fine;

A fact, he reiterated, Political correctness,

They were desperate to repeat. We toast as with wine.

Jewry's war against them, But anti-Jewish feeling

He claimed had now begun; Is still an opiate,

A struggle, he assured them all, With many addicts feeding

On the modern Jewish State.

In countless Arab countries,

With vigour it's still aired,

In interviews with clerics,

That are globally shared.

Enlightenment, modernity –

You're empty attributes,

As long as nations lust after

Racism's rotten fruits.

"For evil to flourish

It only requires

Good men to do nothing" –

But to watch what transpires!

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QUESTIONS & POINTS FOR FURTHER STUDY

(Note that the answers will not necessarily be found in chronological order within the poem, and some answers may require the use of the internet.)

- 1. Why was the blood libel such an obvious lie when applied to Jews?
- 2. With which particular festival was the libel associated?
- 3 What do you understand by the term 'Deicide'?
- 4. Name three benefits that the Anti-Semites alleged the Jews believed they could gain from use of Christian blood?
- 5. What arguments does the poet use to counter the myth the Jews drink Christian blood?
- 6. How do Jews remove blood from raw meat?
- 7. How does the Bible explain the significance of matzah?
- 8. What is the meaning of the allegations made against Jews that they 'enacted the Passion'?
- 9. What is the meaning of the term 'Host' in the Christian religion?
- 10. Name two cities in England where such blood libels were widely publicised?
- 11. Name two cities, one in France and one in Spain, where such a libel was similarly publicised?

- 12. What other wicked allegations were made against medieval Jews?
- 13. The poet asserts that Jews are caricatured in Christian art as 'avaricious money-lenders'. Is it true that that was a popular profession for Jews in the medieval period, and, if so, why?
- 14. How do you understand the description of Jews as 'history's scapegoat'?
- 15. Give an example of how Jews were de-humanised.
- 16. Describe, in no more than six sentences, the circumstances attending 'The Black Death'.
- 17. Which particular plague did it describe?
- 18. What was the title of the anti-Jewish Latin prayer that was incorporated into the medieval liturgy?
- 19. Explain the allusion to 'Judas the betrayer'.
- 20. What is the meaning of 'forced apostasy'?
- 21. How did Hitler justify his determination to exterminate the Jews?
- 22. What did he mean by 'the Big lie'?
- 23. What did the poet mean by describing the addicts of 'anti-Jewish feeling' as 'feeding on the modern Jewish State'?
- 24. How would you define racism?
- 25. To what extent do you think that it still exists in today's Britain?
- 26. Do you think the poet makes a persuasive case for the rejection of the Blood Libel?
- 27. Do you think that non-Jews today would believe the Blood libel allegation?
- 28. The poet refers to 'ghettoes'. Name two of the main ones.
- 29. Define a 'pogrom'.
- 30. What distinctive clothing did medieval Jews have to wear?
- 31. Explain the reference to 'an eye for an eye'.
- 32. Which crime 'would the ages not dim or offer reconciliation'?
- 33. When depicting Jews, what form did 'the church artists' exaggeration' take?
- 34. How was the superiority of the Church over the Synagogue depicted in medieval religious art?
- 35. Describe the image of the Jew in the medieval Mystery or Miracle plays.
- 36. How did those plays treat the Biblical stories?
- 37. Are such Miracle Plays still staged today? Give details.
- 38. Who was Pontius?

- 39. The poet paraphrases a well-known speech, beginning with the words, 'Has not a Jew a pair of eyes; Does he not use two hands?' Which famous English playwright wrote the original version, and in which of his plays does it appear?
- 40. Who was guilty of an act of betrayal in exchange for 'thirty silver shekels'?
- 41. To what does Christian theology apply the term 'The Good News'?
- 42. To which courts were the medieval blood libel allegations referred?
- 43. What was the name of the Jewish victim of the 1913 blood libel?
- 44. Why did the case against him collapse?
- 45. To what illness does the poet compare the spread of anti-Semitism?
- 46. The final stanza of the poem contains a quotation from Edmund Burke (18TH cent.). Do you detect any paradox in the notion of good men doing nothing in the face of evil? Can they really be described then as 'good men'?
- 47. Does social media offer the opportunity for the spread of hate and racism?
- 48. Does it make it more likely that the younger generation will become infected by intolerance and racism?
- 49. What steps should be taken to diminish racism in homes, schools, universities and in the workplace?

50. What would yo	ou do if vou	became the	victim of	racial abuse?
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